

# Robustness properties

## Proposition

Assume that  $f_i \in \mathcal{C}^2$ ,  $f_i$  strictly convex,  $x^* \neq \pm\infty$ , and

$$\|\mathbf{x}(0) - x^* \mathbf{1}\| = \rho$$

$$|\mathbf{1}^T (\mathbf{v}(0) - \mathbf{y}(0))| = \alpha$$

$$|\mathbf{1}^T (\mathbf{v}(0) - \mathbf{y}(0))| = \beta$$

There is a positive scalars  $\bar{\varepsilon}, \bar{\rho}, \bar{\alpha}, \bar{\beta}$  and  $\phi(\alpha, \beta) : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \in \mathcal{C}^0$ , s.t. if  $\varepsilon < \bar{\varepsilon}, \rho < \bar{\rho}, \alpha < \bar{\alpha}, \beta < \bar{\beta}$  then

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow +\infty} \mathbf{x}(k) = \phi(\alpha, \beta) \mathbf{1}, \text{ exponentially}$$

$$\text{and } \phi(0, 0) = x^*$$